TUESDAY EVENING, JANUARY 8.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE EVENING EDITION

Entered at the Post-Office at New York as second-class

( IN A NUTSHELL!

A RECORD NEVER APPROACHED.

NURING 1888 THE WORLD HAS PRINTED and sold ten copies for every family in the United States-Two copies for nearly every man, woman and child.

THE total estimated circulation of all th 1,423 daily papers in the United States is only fourteen times that of THE WORLD.

THE total weight of all THE WORLDS printed during the past year exceeds Seventeen Million Pounds, and would have required a freight train five miles long to transport them

ONE single day's issue of THE WORLD, with the columns placed end to end, would have made a band around the equator. In book form it would have made more volumes than

THE past year had only 31, 622, 400 seconds but it had over 104, 473, 650 WORLDS. or nearly four WORLDS for every second in

What Other Newspaper Printed HALF AS MANY Exact Figures ?

#### AT HIGGINS'S.

Hundred Carpet - Workers Went on Strike To-Day.

The Firm Insisted on Cutting Wages 12 Per Cent.

A Probably Long and Bitter Struggle by the Union Begun Without Violence.

Seven hundred carpet-workers employed in E. S. Higgins & Co,'s mills, at Forty-third street and Eleventh avenue, went on strike this morning against a reduction of wages amounting to an average of 12 per cent.

The strikers belong to the Progressive Carpet Workers' Union, with the exception of a few who are members of the Freedom Labor Club, an organization of Knights of Labor antagonistic to the Progressives.

The National Executive Committee of the Progressive Unions, composed of Joseph McGuire and Robert Lawson, of Philadel-phia; Thomas Philips, of Yonkers, and John Morrison, of this city, together with members of the Arbitration Com-mittee of the Central Labor Union and the Progressives' local union gave the Messrs. Hyggins & Co. until 7, 15 this morn-ing to restore the prices for work which war-

Messrs. Higgins & Co. until 7.15 this morning to restore the prices for work which were in force prior to Dec. 17 last, where the reduction of 12 per cent. was announced. The firm refused to accede to the demand, and at the hour mentioned several hundreds of men and women and boys and girls quietly left the factory and went to Park Hall, at the corner of Forty-sixth street and Eighth avenue, where a meeting was held and the committeemen addressed it, urging all hands to remain firm and victory would result.

A resolution was offered pledging all present at the meeting to stand firm until Higgins & Co. restore the prices paid prior to Dec. 17, and it was adopted unanimously. Quite a number of the employees remained in the mills to finish up some work, and quit before noon to join their fellow-workers at Park Hall.

The strikers claim that only 200 hands are at work in the factory. Mr. John Higgins, the superintendent, said that between 300 and 400 of the 900 employed had gone out. and 400 of the 900 employed had gone out, thus leaving 500 or more at work. He said the firm would not yield to the strikers' demands, and the mills could be run with the present force. He also said the concern had been run at a loss the past year, like other mills at Lowell. Hartford and Bigelow.

At noon several hundreds of the strikers gathered at the corners near the mills, and half a dozen policemen kept them moving, although they were quiet and orderly. More although they were quiet and orderly.

although they were quiet and orderly. More hands were expected to leave the mills this afternoon. Another meeting is in progress in Park Hall.

COHNFELD'S GIRLS OUT AGAIN.

This Time the Pretty Feather-Workers Wit a Speedy Victory.

Three hundred girls employed as feather workers by Isador Cohnfield at Green and Bleecker streets went out on strike this morning.

The girls demanded that all the featherworkers in the establishment should receive the same pay, according to a schedule re-cently prepared by the Workingwomen's

Association.

Mr. Cohnfeld received a letter from Miss Ida Van Etten, of the Workingwomen's Association, stating that the girls were determined not to resume work unless all were paid a like according to their schedule.

After consideration Mr. Cohnfeld decided to abandon the manufacture of cheaper

After consideration Mr. Connects decided to abandon the manufacture of cheaper articles, and have only the superior grade of work done in his place. He answered Miss Van Etten's letter to that effect, and the result is that the girls will all resume work tomorrow morning.

FIRE AT A LUCKY TIME.

Astoria Factory Men Escape the Flames by Going to Dinner.

At noon to-day fire broke out in the drying-room of the Astoria Soap Works, in Steinway avenue, Astoria. The works occupy a large square and employ about one hundred men.

The flames communicated to the finishing-The flames communicated to the finishing-room, and before the fire was subdued a damage of about \$10,000 was done.

None of the workmen were hurt and there was no pame. The dinner hour had just

Two Aldermanic Appointees.

William H. Ruvode, of the Fifth Assembly District, has been appointed City Librarian, and Frank liyan, of the Fourth District, gets a \$1,200 clerkship under Capt. Twomey. The former is Alderman Dowd's appointee, the lat-ter Alderman Noonan's.

A farm, arre cure for coughs and colds. Adamson's newwite Batsaw, Kinsman, 15th st. and 4th are. \*\*

The Colorid BURIED GOLD.

Another Expedition for the Treasure at Turneffe Cay.

Inside Facts of the Cruise of the Ill-Fated Yacht Maria.

Casks of a Pirate's Money Guarded by Skeleton Sentries.

Is There \$1,500,000 in the Quicksands of

the Caribbean Sea ?

Another expedition is being fitted out to go Belize, Central America, and recover the \$1,500,000 in gold alleged to have been buried there by pirates in the thirties. And this despite the unsuccessful voyage of the illfated yacht Maria on a similar errand in the Winter of 1887-8.

The new undertaking is under the direction of Mr. Alfred A. Horne, who was one of the original party which sailed on the Maria and who is undeterred by the fate of the late John B. Peck, who recently died at his home in Mount Holly, N. J., from the effects of the exposure and hardships incidental to the Maria expedition.

Mr. Horne is a practical civil engineer and has assisted in building a great many lines of railroad in the United States and Mexico. He was at one time City Surveyor of the city of Auburn, in this State, and again an assistant engineer in the construction of the new Croton Aqueduct.

Mr. Home has never borne the reputation of a visionary, and it is evident from his conversation that he thoroughly and honestly believes that the treasure which the unfor tunate Peck vainly tried to unearth is actually buried on Turnefle Cay in the Caribbean Sea and will be recovered. The story of this wonderful treasure i sland

and the attempt of the Maria party under the eadership of Peck to find the pirates' plant of gold is told an Evening Womld reporter by Mr. Horne. He says: 'In September, 1887, I was sojourning in

'In September, 1887, I was sojourning in Ohio, when I received word from Lawyer Charles S. Beardsley, of this city, to come on and join a party of experts who were to in-vestigate an alleged find of silver ore at Buz-

zard's Bay, Mass.

"On my arrivst in New York I was introduced to Special Treasury Agent John B. Peck, and was told that he was to be the commander of the expedition which was going to search for buried treasure in the Caribbean Sea, instead of silver on the Massachusetts coast. sachusetts coast,
"I didn't think much of the expedition, but

"I didn't think much of the expedition, but Mr. Beardsley, who was an old friend, requested me to go with the party to represent his interests, and I consented.

"The necessary tools for excavating and a coffer dam were procured by me, and 'twas I who selected the yacht Maria and effected her purchase from Broker Bliven.

THE CRUISE OF THE MARIA. We got affoat Oct. 19. There were besides Capt. Wand, the sailing master, Mate Barrett and the crew, John B. Peck, com-mander of the expedition; Prof. Barker, at one time teacher of mathematics at Annapolis Naval Academy: E. B. Richards, of Mobile, Ala.; John M. Davidson, the only one of the party who possessed the secret of the treasure, and myself.

ure, and myself.

"Soon after we got under way it was evident that we had too much whiskey aboard to have any discipline and there was none. No attempt was made to keep the yacht shipshape. The pumps were not tried for three days, and then it took several hours to clear

days, and then it took several hours to clear her of water.

"In crossing the Gulf Stream we encoun-tered very heavy weather, and the Maria, which was a light pleasure vacht, gave way in sails and rigging to such an extent that she was rendered unseaworthy.
"After a consultation it was decided that we should try to make Turk's Island and repair

damages.
" Peck was secretly opposed to this. He wanted to make King-ton, and as he held the deck that night he caused the vessel to be run off three points, so that by morning it was found impossible to make Turk's Island with the vacht in her then unseaworthy

dition.
Peck then said we must proceed were disturbed. Kingston, where he would get a draft cashed

Kingston, where he would get a draft cashed and send the crew home if necessary.

"He tried to exclude me from a consultation over the matter, but I said as I was the personal representative of the heaviest investor in the undertaking I should have my say.

"We did finully force him to make Great Inauqua in the Bahamas. We were in the roadstead five days and here it developed to the satisfaction of Judge Davidson and myself that there was a private agreement be self that there was a private agreement be-tween Peck, Capt. Ward, the mate and Prof. Barker, and I threatened to leave the expedi-tion, Richards and Davidson agreeing to fol-

We got so far as packing our traps and hailing a boat to go ashore when Peck, who knew that he could not get along without Davidson and me, proposed a compromise.

'He would sail for Kingston, discharge Capt. Ward, make the mate sailing mas and give over the command of the expedition to Davidson.

"Arrived at Kingston, Peck refused to

carry out his agreement.

THE BOATS UNSEAWORTHY. "The yacht's toats had become unsea-worthy. She was in a terribly filthy condi-tion, and commander and crew did not seem to have snything else to do but drink and

'At Kingston there was liquor again ga-

"At Kingston there was liquor again galore, and Davidson, Richards and I quit in dispust and returned to flattimore.

"Deprived of the services of Judge Davidson, the only man who possessed any knowledge of the location of the buried treasure. Peck had to make a blind hunt for it.

"The story that he ransacked the Judge's papers and found an explanatory chart locating the place of the treasure, is all stuff and gammon. It is too simple a matter to receipt gammon. It is too simple a matter to need to

se exploited on paper. There never hart of this nature among Judge Davidson's effects.

Not knowing how to get at the treasure Not knowing how to get at the treasure on Turneffe Cay. Peck had a ready car for the story of two men he met in Kingston, about buried treasure in the island of Santa Catalina, near the Isthmus, and he went there

'Of the voyage of the Maria after I left her

I knew nothing until I saw her at Belize in January, 1888. RETURNED TO NEW YORK.

returned to New York in November "I returned to New York in November, 1887, thinking to have nothing more to do with this buried treasure, but Judge Davidson proposed to me that we go to Belize, visit Turneffe Cay, look over and survey the ground, estimate the cost of excavation and make terms with the British Colonial Government for the right to dig for the treasure.

"Judge Davidson had weakened my scepticism recarding the existence of the treasure. ticism regarding the existence of the treasure story, and I agreed to accompany him.

"We went to New Orleans by rail and started for Belize on the steamer City of Dallas, Dec. 15. Two days after our arrival were hired a boatman to take us to Turnefle Cay and arrived there after three days.

sailor.

"Seven years ago Judge Davidson had taken passage on a sailing vessel from Tahiti for Calino. Peru. He was interested in soma mining enterprise in the land of the Ireas.

"On the same ship, as a passenger, was an old truth sailor named ward. The old

"On the same ship, as a passenger, was an old English sallor named Ward. The old fellow was in very poor health, and had enlisted the sympathy of the captain, who gave him free passage.

"Ward was intent on getting to Belize, British Honduras, on the Atlantic coast of Central America, but to no one did he confide the object of his journey until a few days before making port.

THE OLD SAILOR'S SECRET.

"To this old derelict on life's ocean, who had been floating hither and thither up and down the world as the current of fate had borne him, and who was soon to be no longer designated on life's chart, Judge Davidson

designated on life's chart, Judge Davidson took a great faucy.

"Old Ward was very ill and weak, and the Judge nursed him tenderly and attended to his wants, which were few.

"About five days out of Callao the old fellow called Davidson to him and, after remarking that he realized that he wasn't much longer for this earth, said that he wanted to repay him for the kindness which he had shown a poor barnacled old hulk like himself.
"He then told him this remarkable story:
"In the 30s, a mere lad, he was an apprentice on board an English merchaniman. While on a voyage from a Mexican port to England laden with specie, the ship was over-

and laden with specie, the ship was over-nucled by a pirate and captured, after a severe fight. All of the officers and crew of he merchant vessel who had not been killed n the engagement were made to walk the lank with the exception of Ward and

They were impressed into the pirate's Aney were impressed into the pirate's service and remained with him four years, during which time he took many rich prizes.

"Having his ambition for wealth satisfied, the pirate captain determined to disband his crew and divide the spoils which had accumulated for years, until there were millions of specie on board.

THE PIRATE'S PLAN PRUSTRATED. "He accordingly shaped his vessel's course for his favorite rendezvous—the coral islands which abound off the coast of Belize. Here they would renounce their life of pillage and plunder and try to become honest citizens, with the assistance of the money they had

This good resolution was never carried out, however, for one morning the pirate was sighted by an English frigate, which gave chase. The man-of-war was too fast for the pirate to hope to escape by superior sall-ing, and after keeping up a running fight all day. in which the pirate lost two men and was considerably disabled, her ceptain put into shoal water among the numerous keys

into shoal water among the numerous keys, where the frigate with her deeper draught could not follow.

"It was just nightfall when the pirate anchored at Turnefle Cay. He was safe for the moment, but it was only a respite to a condemned murderer. He knew that there was no escaping from his position, for he would be attacked in boats by a superior force from the fricate as soon as the rising sun discovered where he lay.

"Preparation was immediately made, therefore, for the security of the plunder in event of their capture in the morning.

vent of their capture in the morning.

"It must be admitted that the plan de-It must be admitted that the plan de-vised by the pirate captain was a very

elever one.

'He caused all but a very small portion of the gold specie to be placed in casks and removed on shore. All of the silver—an immense amount of money and plate—and a little gold was left on the vessel.

HE BURIED \$1,500,000.

"That which was taken ashore amounted "That which was taken asbore amounted in value to about \$1,500,000. About \$100,000 of this was buried in the sand of the key, and a short distance away the major portion of the gold was similarly interred, the todies of the two pirates who had been killed in the day's action being placed on top of the casks. "The idea of the buccaneer was that, should be be taken, his captors would be satisfied with the way of the property of the satisfied with the way of the property of the satisfied with the way of the satisfied with the satisf

shed with the money they found aboard the If not, and they went ashore to ascertain

if any had been buried, they would first run acress the small plant.
... Then, if they should disturb the other plant, they would find the dead rodies and conclude that it was only a grave. In this way he hoped to preserve the bulk of his

"He was successful, but he never lived to enjoy it. As had been expected, the boats from the frigate came up with the first gleam of morning light and engaged the pirates.

THE DESTRUCTION OF THE PIRATES' SHIP, 'It was an unequal struggle. The pirates, weakened by their all-night labor of burying the treasure, were outnumbered two to one. "They fought desperately, however, and many were killed. The captain and the remnant of his crew were put in irons, his vessel was looted and then burned. Neither of the plants of specie on shore

The captured pirates were taken to Port yal, Jamacia, where all were tried, con-mned and executed, with the exception of pressed into the pirate's service against their

The boys shipped on board the frigate and were eventually discharged in England. There the other lad died and Ward had fleared from port to port, and one every ocean as a seaman, hoping for the time to come when be might fit out an expedition to re-cover the million bright gold pieces which cover the inition oright gold pieces which reposed beneath the sands of Turneffe Cay.

"Luck was always against him, however. He never had been able to accomplish his object and here he was dying and his secret would perish with him. That gold might do somebody good and he resolved to tell Judge Davidson his story.

AT THE RUINED CORAL STRUCTURE. "There is an old ruined coral structure on Turnefle Cay, and Ward gave the Judge minute directions how to find the treasure, taking his measurements from this as a start

ing point. Ward died before reaching port and was buried at sea. buried at sea.

"So impresed was Judge Davidson with
this story of old Ward that he took passage
as scon as possible for Panama, crossed the
Isthmus and went to Belize,
Turneffe Cay is forty miles from the town

and he hired a boatman to take him there.

"There are no inhabitants on the island, which is a low bit of sand covered with cocoanut palms and other tropical vegetation There is a little settlement of negroes on Calaba-h Cay, 400 feet away, and with them he stayed while he conducted his operations

THERE WERE THE SEPLETONS, SUBE PROUGH. "Following the directions given him by the old sailer, he dug up the sand at the spot indicated and exhumed two human skele-

He was unable to dig further because the water came in upon him. The skeletons in fact were in the water.

It was evident that if these were the skele tons of the two dead pirates placed there as a ghastly guard over the grittering gold, the latter had sunk to some distance in the quicksand of which the island is composed, and that to recover it would require a little engineering skill and appliances which the Judge did not possess and which were not there obtainable. He therefore carefully concealed all evidences of his work, and re-luctantly left the spot and the country and returned to his home in Honolulu.

"Happening to casually mention the story of the treasure while in New York on busi-ness in the Autumn of 1887, this expedition resulted."

ON THE TREASURE ISLAND. After narrating the above Mr. Horne returned to the main narrative.

Well, I left the Judge and myself on the treasure island after having satisfied ourselves that nothing had been disturbed.

ing for private plunder would be permitted without the consent of that company and a THE DIVES MUST CLOSE NOW.

government concession.
"We found that digging for buried treasure had not been uncommon on the keys in that neighborhood and that an old Spaniard, some years before, had exhunced \$400,000 on this same Turneffe Cay. We were greatly re-Beyed when we were shown the spot where this money was found and ascertained that it was not our plant.

No attempt was made by us to locate the

money, and no marks left to guide others to SEERING FOR A CONCESSION. "Returning to Belize to apply for a conces-

sion to hunt for treasure, our ignorant boat-

sion to hunt for treasure, our ignorant boatman was drunk and ran out of his course, and we were benighted on English Cay, twelve miles from Belize.

"There is a lighthouse on English Cay, and we discharged our boatman and thought that we would rely on the light-keeper's boat to take us to Belize next day. We reckoned without our bost. The light-keeper's brother had taken the on the boat on the island and gone to Pelize. There he got on a roaring spree and didn't return for ten days, during which we were practically prisoners. which we were practically prisoners.

THE MARIA APPEARS AGAIN. "It cannot be said either that our position was made any more tolerable when on the fifth day of our Robinson Crusse existence we saw the Maria sail by almost within halling distance, bound for Belize, and when we thought of the possibility of John B. Peck getting ahead of us and securing a conces-That is just what he did do, we learned

o our sorrow, when we finally got to the own. Feek had returned from Santa Cantaana to Key West and was there informed by telegraph from New York that Davidson and I not gone to Belize. "He accordingly had the yacht reviet-ualled by Knight & Roberts, of Key West, the cous deration being a share in the treas-ure, and sailed for Belize, getting there while we were stranded on English Cay and securing an exclusive concession from the Govern-ment and the Improvement and Fruit Com-

pany to dig on Turneffe Cay for one year from Jan. 11, 1888. PECK'S CONTRACT.

"To the Government he was to pay 10 per cent, of the find, and to the Fruit Company 15 per cent.
"Peck told, Gov. Roger Tichborne Golds. worthy that he knew the exact location of the gold, on the presumption that he would find Davidson and me there, and that we would be only too glad to join issue with

He made all manner of verbal proposats, both to the Judge and to me, but we de-clined to have anything to do with him, knowing him as we did. We told him that plunder was not perishable: that it would keep a year, when we would have the concession to dig for it.

THREE MONTHS' DIGGING AND NOT ONE CENT FOUND. On Jan. 12 Peck got the yacht under way and went out to the cay and commenced

perations. didn't go near the cay during all his digging, which occupied three months' time, and resulted in his finding not one cent. I did, however, keep informed, through members of the crew, regarding the places where he was digging, and was perfectly satisfied that he would not strike the right spot. He was digging in places where others had un-successfully sought for treasure before him. "After digging in this aimless fashion for ten days. Knight & Roberts, who had re-victualled the yacnt at Key West for an inter-

est in the treasure, left in disgust, and Mr. Hemostead, an American merchant who as-sisted Peck to get the concession, was out \$1.500 in consequence.

Peck had been throwing up the sand on the key for about a month when he came in to town with Seaman Jim McDonald, who used o be employed in the public stores in this sity. McDonald came to me and told me a tory of how they were within two and onehalf feet of the money; that the Gevernment official who was superintending the operation had sounded the hole and had bit the casks. He wound up by telling me that Peck wanted

ne to go over on my old terms. "The story was too transparent. They only wanted me to locate the plunder for them, and I told him forcibly, if not politely, to so talks dead

to go to the devil. STARVING HIM OUT.

"After that McDonald told me that Peck was holding on, watting for me to get starved out, so that I would join him.
"Judge Davidson had in the meantime gone home by way of New Orleans and San Fancisco, while I stayed to look after Peck.
"In the middle of April Peck gave up. He couldn't hold out any longer, and brought the yacht to Belize. She had thumped on the reefs in sheal water for three months, until the oakum had been started from her seams and she was little better than a sieve.

THE MARIA FOUNDERS. "Steward Annett came ashore and reported the unseaworthiness of the Maria to the American Consul, Mr. Morlan and demanded a survey on her. This was denied him, and he was obliged to put to sea in a leaky tub. The natural result was the foundering of the Maria, which occurred a few days later off the south coast of Cuba. Two hundred dollars expended on her would have put the yacht in repair for her homeward voyage.

Peck left for New Orleans, alleging that

he was going to purchase an outilt and return to the work of tossing up sand in search of gold, but he never returned, and I learn that

gold, but he never returned, and Hearn that the poor fellow died the other day. "Colonial Secretary Jermingham told Peck "Colonial Secretary Jermingham told Peck that he would forfeit his concession if he left the colony, and after Peck left said that he would grant me one immediately if I wished it, but thought it would be better to wait for the return of Supt. Stansmore, of the Fruit Company, who was absent in London for his

mine will begin. I expect to start for Belize very shortly and begin operations at once on BEADY TO START ANEW.

"This will be a comparatively cheap under-taking. All that will be required is an engine and pump, lumber for a coffer dam and to pay the freight on these. The labor can be hired there, and then the work will not last long, as but two points are to be attacked. "My hopes of wealth will soon be realized

or quickly dispelled. I am firmly grounded in the belief that mine shall be the first of these two alternatives."
"The pirates' plunder is there and I am going to get it."

Plenty of Water Next Fall.

response to a query from President Bayles, of the Board of Health, made because of complaints of lack of water in the city's tenements. form Duane wrote a letter to-day saying that the Aqueduct Commissioners hope the aqueduct proper from the Croton Lake to One Hundred and Thirty-fifth street gate-house will be com-pleted during the Summer or early Autumn of this year.

Larceny Vesterday, Burglary To-Day. Market Court yesterday for larceny of Mrs. Herring's locket, was again arraigned to-day on a charge of burglary at the stone-yard of F. S. White, 547 West Fourteenth street. He was held in \$1,000 bail on this complaint, and the police say other charges will be brought against

Failures Uptown and Downtown. Frederick L. Seegel, dealer in sporting goods it 74 West One Hundred and Twenty-fifth street, made an assignment to-day to William Pheian.
Samuel Grossman, dealer in jewelry at 252
Stanton street assigned to Mark Eisenberg with
preferences of \$526.

Cut His Throat with a Ruzor. (SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.)
NORTH ADAMS, Mass., Jan. 8.—George Ausin, twenty-one years of age, who resided with

Is a Wife a Sinve?

WEST TWENTY-EIGHTH STREET PEOPLE WON'T WAIT TILL MAY.

Residents of Capt. Reilly's Precinct Stirred to Indignation-Respectable People In sulted by Seekers After the Disreputable -Shameful Orgics Kept Up Through the

The respectable residents and propertywners in Twenty-eighth street, between Broadway and Sixth ave, whose petition callng for the closing of the disreputable houses on that block, was sent to Capt. Reilly yesterday, are now thoroughly aroused and they mean that these places shall cease to exist, or they will make it hot for somebody.

Capt. Reilly understands this, and, while admitting that the places complained of are ut of order, says that they are kept very quiet. Last night he called at the houses of those who signed the petition and assured them that the people complained of will move as soon as they can secure other quarters.

The property owners of the neighborhood say that the street has become so low that their tenants have all given notice that they Carl Berger, caterer, of 43 West Twenty

third street, says his customers are insuited and he is going to move on May 1. The houses complained of are numbered 41, 44, 52, 53, 55, and it is said that the women in these houses sit in the windows semi-naked and ned and smile to passers-by. The most objectionable are 44 and 55. In

The most objectionable are 44 and 55. In the former there is singing and piano-playing until a late hour in the morning.

Lovell's pool-room, at No. 39, is in full blast, and the sidewalk and doorway, are constantly crowded by a gang of loud-mouthed men and boys, who smoke, swear and insult respectable people as they pass.

Further on, at No. 59, is another gambling hell of the same sort. This place is near the foot of the starways of the Sixth Avenue foot of the stairways of the Sixth Avenue Elevated Railroad, and it is impossible to come down these stairs without hearing the filthy and obscene language used by these

people.
The petition to close these dives was signed by George Day, Carl Berger, E. Van Vorst, George B. Morewood, Dr. Charles Bernacki, Heury L. Hayuet, William J. Jones, G. Pons, E. Lamontagne, H. G. Mackaye, the heirs of Peter Gilsey and

Twenty-eighth street, was seen this morning by an Evenno Women reporter. He said:

"The way things are conducted in this street is disgraceful. Both sides of the street are lined with places where the vilest orgies are conducted. It is a frequent sight to see women hanging half-way out of the windows, beckening to men and boys. I have fought to have these dives closed. I have spent money to close them, but the police do nothing." I wenty-eighth street, was seen this morning nothing.

George Day, who is the most active worker in the matter, spoke as follows: "My tenants in the neighborhood bave all threatened to leave if the street isn't cleared. I sent the petition to Capt, Reilly and he called ou me last night. He told me he had taken the petition to these places and the inmates agreed to move on May 1. We will not wait until May 1. If the dives are not sup-pressed immediately we shall go before the proper authorities and make a complaint." About a month ago Mrs. Gallagher rented a furnished boarding-house at No. 50. She went there with her daughter.

A few evenings later two men called and pushed their way into the house and acted in a disorderly way. The daughter, who had opened the door, couldn't understand their talk and called her mother. As soon as she heard them she called the colored janitor, and the two rowdies were thrown into the

Since then the family has been annoved at Since then the family has been annoyed almost every night by people who mistake the house for one a few doors away.

When Capt. Reilly gets ready to do his duty it might not be out of the way for him to make a call at the Haymarket and at Clark's notorious resort at 502 Sixth avenue.

When the ball at the Haymarket ends the habituse of that resort flock to Clark's where habitues of that resort flock to Clark's, where they stay until the early hours of morning.
Drunken fights over women are of frequent
occurrence, and many are the sore heads carried away by men who have offended the bouncer.
On New Year's Night no less than four men were so seriously injured that they had to keep to their beds for several days.

NOW IT'S LAWYER ZIMMERMANN.

Another Brooklyn Man Who Has Disap-Lawyer August Zimmermann has long been

one of the best-known legal gentlemen in Brooklyn, and enjoyed a large and lucrative For years he was a partner of Lawver Jacobs, and together the two had an elegant suit of offices on the third floor of the big office building No. 44 Court street.

office building No. 44 Court street.

Last December the partnership was dissolved, and since then Mr. Zimmermann has transacted his business at his house, 476 Seventeenth street, South Brookiyn.

Two weeks ago, or on Wednesday, Dec. 26, he left his house in the morning, saying he was going to the country, and since then his family has not seen him.

When an Evening World reporter called at the residence of the missing man this

at the residence of the missing man this morning he found that Mrs. Zimmermann was prostrated with grief and could not be seen.

A young son of Mr. Zimmermann said that
his father was subject to attach the his father was subject to attacks of vertigo and for some time past had not been feeling

Some time ago he had an attack of vertigo on the street and had to be carried into the The son can give no reason for his father's

and on disappearance, unless it might be due to sudden illness.

At the former office of the missing man, his late partner, Mr. Jaoobs, gave his opinion that Mr. Zimmermann was not in his right

He cited several instances in support of this opinion, and said that in all probability the man had wandered off in a state of mental Lawyer Ramsey says he saw Mr. Zimmer-mann in this city Friday morning, but did not

peak to min.

Mr. Zimmermann was forty-two years old,
ery stout, wore dark clothes and had a big Reformit, Costigun's Bureau. Mayor Grant's reform in the method of pro-reduce of the Board of City Record was continued to-day. Arrangements were made furnishing supplies under contract after competition, and Supervisor Costigan was directed to receive no printing or stationery supplies on account of the city where such supplies have been ordered without the approval of the Board, as has heretofore been done.

Not a Blizzard, But Very Like It. "On Thursday we shall be visited by a rainstorm. It will not rank as a blizzard, but will be quite violent," said Sergt. Dunn this morn-The storm centre is at present in Arkansas, and moving up through the Southern States, Like the recent storm, it will sweep up between the Allegheny Mountains and the coast.

Cold Waves

## BLOOMINGDALES'.

Third Ave. and 59th St.

#### CLEARING SALES.

For years back it has been our custom to hold great clearing sales in all departments in January. The marvellous values given at these sales have spread their fame far and wide, until now our January "Mark Downs" are eagerly watched for, not only in this city but in every city and town within one hundred miles. This extraordinary success comes first from giving manifest bargains in staple goods of every-day use, and, secondly, from advertising these bargains exactly as they are without the big, flaming type and wild exaggeration with which most newspaper advertisements abound. In the matter of genuine bargaingiving we claim to lead the entire market, and

### THE PROOF IS IN THE PRICES.

#1.25 ....

NOTIONS AND SMALL WARES.

-THE PRICES .-

O4c., a set of 3 DRESS EXTENDERS, with elastics. 13c. per pair of kid-covered CORSET-STEELS, spoon-

5c. per doz. 100 yds. BLACK SEWING-SILK. 23c, per box of 25 spools, 10 yds., BLACK SILK 5c. per piece of 10 yds. BLACK COTTON BELTING.

Tc. per pair seamless stockinet DRESS SHIELDS. He, per package of 2 doz. large size HOOKS AND Sic. per piece black and colored plaited BRAID

with fancy edges.

05c. per pair stockinst DRESS SHIELDS 04c, per doz, steel HAT PINS, with jet heads

04c, per doz. superior quality French HAIRPINS. 02c, per piece of 6 yds, fine white COTTON BRAID. Olc. each, round and flat linen CORSET-LACES, 23 yds. long.

Mc. per piece of 12 yds. extra fine COTTON BON

CASING, with fancy stitching; all color-Mc., cabinets containing 100 English HAIRPINS Olic. per piece of 24 yds. WORSTED TRIMMING

02c. each. ELASTIC CORSET-LACES. 12c. per piece Taffeta RIBBONS; all colors 65c per piece of 12 yds. fancy SILK BELTING; a

Se., a 12-yard piece of best quality English DRESS lc., piece of 36 yds. fine blesched white COTTON

P.c., a piece of Gyds. fine white super BRAID.

tOc. per piece % inch wide superfine twilled white COT TON BRAIDING. 09c. per gross LINEN INITIALS. 05c, per pair, all sizes HOSE SUPPORTERS, with Offic. per piece, black alpaca SKIRT BRAID.

02c, per cake, white and yellow SEWING WAX. OGc. per pair. English gutta percha DRESS SHIELDS Olc., per bottle, extra quality sperm SEWING-MA-CHINE OIL.

33c. each, plush PINCUSHIONS in enamelied tubs 190. per box of 48 yards superfine RICK RACK SALE OF HOSIERY.

Olc. per paper best English blue steel HAIRPINS. ING. 98c. a piece of 12 yards of best quality English super STAY BINDING.

10c. a dozen papers American PINS, containing 3,600 02c. a dozen, best quality 114-yard SHOELACES. Odc. a pair, French kid-covered CORSET STEELS.

Ohe, a pair, French sateen-covered CORSET STEELS. 03c, per dozen, WAIST STEELS, cased ready for new ing, with tipped end to avoid breaking out the each TRACING WHEELS.

O3c. dozen, cotton CORSET-LACES.

OSc. yard, M silk LOOM WEB

09c. each, plush PINCUSHIONS in enamelled tubs,

SPECIAL. We shall also offer one thousand gross line metal and vory DRESS BUTTONS, in all shades, at

4c. PER DOZEN: the regular prices of these goods range from 12c. to

## SALE OF SHOES.

-THE PRICES .-

500 pairs children's Amazon kid and pebble goat button, worked buttonholes, solid through-out, sizes 5 to 10; worth \$1.25. 800 pairs misses' pebble goat button, heeled and spring heels, sizes 11 to 2; sold everywhere

750 pairs boys' and youths' veal calf tips, button and lace SHOES, sizes 11 to 516, every pair 600 pairs Ladies' OXFORD TIES, consisting of

maron and French kid, with and without paten leather tips and patent leather vamps, sizes broken; worth from \$1.50 to \$2.50, to close 300 pairs ladies TIES and SLIPPERS, some

are patent leather vamp, tan come top Oxford ties and Amazon kid, patent leather tips, Louis XV. heel Oxford ties, for. 450 pairs ladies' Tampico straight goat but-ton SHOES, in opera and common-sense toes, all sizes, regular \$2.50 shoe, for......

350 pairs kangaroo kiil top, straight goat foxed, patent leather tip WAUKENPHAST, EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED TO GIVE EN-TIRE SATISFACTION, widths B, C, D and E, worth \$3.50, for ..... 175 pairs ladies' royal kid, patent leather tip, button, genuine hand welt, opera toe and me-dium heel, all sizes, at.

and common sense toes, strictly hand sewed, always sold for \$5.50, for..... SALE OF RUBBERS.

150 pairs ladies' French kid button, in opera

-THE PRICES .-Ladies', Misses' and Children's RUBBERS.... Ladies' Victoria Buckle ARCTICS, sizes 2% to 6. Ladies Self-Acting ALASKAS.

Ladies' High Button ARCTICS. Misson' High Button ARCTICS. Children's Rubber BOOTS 1.19
Children's Rubber BOOTS 98
Men's Self-Acting RUBBERS 49
Men's Self-Acting ALASKAS 98
Men's Buckle ARCTICS 98 Boys' Rubber BOOTS..... 1.79

-THE PRICES -Ladies' Black Ingrain, full regular..... 11c. Ladies' Balbriggan.... All our Fine Quality Cotton, formerly 35c., 39c. Our Ladies' Black Fleeced HOSE, extra quality.. 246. All our finest quality extreme fancy Lisle thread 500 dozen Children's Ribbed Fast Black, all

GLOVES.

-SPECIAL -Ladies' 4 and 5 Button Kid GLOVES...... 48c

No more than two pairs sold to each custo All our Ladies' and Men's FUR-TOP LINED GLOVES, sold formerly \$1.00, \$1.25; to Ladies' Fine CASHMERE GLOVES, to close, at. 150. Men's Fancy SCOTCH WOOL GLOVES, sold at Men's Fine DOGSKIN WALKING GLOVES,

Men's Plain SCOTCH WOOL GLOVES, formerly

# Bloomingdale

THIRD AVENUE AND FIFTY-NINTH STREET.

LORILLARD'S FLOATING STABLE. He Can Now Navigate Parts of South Car-

itself, having been designed at the North after Mr. Lorillard's own ideas. The vessel is 40 feet long by 14 feet beam, and is 6 sloop model, with flat bottom. Its draught will be only about two feet, so that it can be olina Waters Hitherto Inaccessible. (SPECIAL TO THE EVENING WORLD.) CHARLESTON, S. C., Jan. 8 .- Mr. Pierre Lorillard, the millionaire tourist, who has taken such a fancy to the glorious climate Lorillard will have the Reva to tow it wherever his fondness for sport may dictate. The main deck is housed in. Within the inclosure there are stalls aft for four horses, and cabin accommodations forward for three men. Above the cabin is a roomy deck, surrounded by a hand-rail. This will probably be used by the men whils on the watch, and also for Mr. Lorillard's dog kennel, which is said to be one of the finest in the country. Near the stern of the vessel is hoisting apparatus for raising or lowering the gang plank, so that the horse and dogs can be put ashore almost at a moment's notice. and well-stocked hunting grounds of South Carolina, is expected here some time this week to spend the rest of the Winter. Mr. Lorillard, while in Charleston a short

time ago, stated that he would return in

January with his party for the hunting season. He left his yacht, the Reva, here in charge of the captain and gave orders for the construction of a floating stable or river boat, to be used by him on his hunting

boat, to be used by him on his hunting expeditions.

The latter has for some time been in course of construction at Pregnall's shippard and is now almost completed. It will be launched in a day or two and will be ready for use by the time Mr. Lorillard returns to Charleston.

The craft was seen at Pregnall's shippard vesterday by a reporter of The Evening World.

It is like no other best but the seed of the course of t It is like no other boat, but is peculiar to

With such a vessel Mr. Lorillard and his friends can navigate themselves to many parts of the coast which have hitherto been comparatively inaccessible to sportsmen, and comparatively inaccessible to sportsmen, and amid the teeming rivers and beautiful low-lands about Charleston will enjoy some of the finest sport to be found anywhere in the country.

taken up the shallowest rivers and streams. It has a rudder, but no propelling apparatus, as Mr. Lorillard will have the Reva to tow it where

ment's notice.

Are predicted with reliable accuracy, and people liable to the pains and aches of rheumatism dread every change to damp or stormy weather. Although we do not claim Hood's Sarsaparilla to be a positive specific for the matter. that nothing had been disturbed.
"We found at once that the removal of the is parents in Williamstown, committed suicide his morning by cutting his throat with a rakor. No cause is known. specie could not by any possiblity be effected secretly, so that the fitting out of the Maria for rheumatism, the remarkable cures it has effected AT THE TREASURE SPOT. "There we found the old ruined coral show that it may be taken for rhenmatism with reason was a piece of costly folly.

The island is leased and constantly watched by the Hritish. Honduras Improvestructure and the place where the Judge had exhumed the skeletons seven years before.

"I speak of these because they relate distance is leased and constantly with the British. Honduras Improvement and Fruit Company, and no prospect-Our answer is, "Yes," if she persists in adhering to old methods in her kitchen, where Time Labor and Temper can be assed by using LEADINE, the only self-shining stove polish. constitutes the secret of the success of Hood's Saras parilis in curing this complaint. Try it.